



Material Safety Data Sheet

HAZARD WARNINGS	RISK PHRASES	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
	Harmful compound, minimize exposure. Irritating to skin, eyes, and the respiratory system.	

Section I.	ection I. Chemical Product and Company Identification		
Chemical Name	N-Methyldiethanolamine		
Catalog Number	M0505	Supplier	TCI America 9211 N. Harborgate St.
Synonym	Not available.		Portland OR 1-800-423-8616
Chemical Formula	$C_5H_{13}NO_2$		
CAS Number	105-59-9	In case of Emergency Call	Chemtrec® (800) 424-9300 (U.S.) (703) 527-3887 (International)
		1	

Section II. Composition and Information on Ingredients				
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Percent (%)	TLV/PEL	Toxicology Data
N-Methyldiethanolamine	105-59-9	Min. 99.0 (GC)		Rat LD_{50} (oral) 1945 mg/kg Rabbit LD_{50} (dermal) 5990 μ L/kg Mouse LD_{50} (intraperitoneal) 500 mg/kg

Section III.	Hazards Identification
Acute Health Effects	Harmful if ingested or inhaled. Minimize exposure to this material. Severe overexposure can result in injury or death. Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.
Chronic Health Effects	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Reproductive effects. Rat TDLo Skin 10 gm/kg, female 6-15 days of pregnancy TOXIC EFFECTS: Maternal Effects - Other effects Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.
Section IV.	First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.				
Skin Contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention.				
Inhalation	If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt o waistband. If breathing is difficult, oxygen can be administered. Seek medical attention if respiration problems do no improve.				
Ingestion INDUCE VOMITING by sticking finger in throat. Lower the head so that the vomit will not reenter the notation Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform resuscitation. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain whether the tissues are damaged, a possible indication material was ingested; the absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive.					

Section V.	Fire and Explosion Data			
Flammability	May be combustible at high temperature.	Auto-Ignition	265℃ (509°F)	
Flash Points	140°C (284°F).	Flammable Limits	LOWER: 0.9% UPPER: 8.4%	
Combustion Products	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO,	These products are toxic carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂), nitrogen oxides (NO, NO ₂).		
Fire Hazards	Not available.	Not available.		
Explosion Hazards		Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact: Not available. Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Not available.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Consult with local fire authorities before attem		operations.	

Section VI. Accidental Release Measures

Spill Cleanup Instructions Harmful material. Irritating material.

Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal. Finish cleaning the spill by rinsing any contaminated surfaces with copious amounts of water. Consult federal, state, and/or local authorities for assistance on disposal

Section VII. Handling and Storage

Handling and Storage Information HARMFUL. IRRITANT. Keep away from heat. Mechanical exhaust required. When not in use, tightly seal the container and store in a dry, cool place. Avoid excessive heat and light. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Always store away from incompatible compounds such as oxidizing agents, acids.

Section VIII. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower is proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection

Splash goggles. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.



Exposure Limits

Not available

Section IX. Physical and Chemical Properties				
Physical state @ 20°C	Liquid. (Clear, colorless ~ light yellow.)	Solubility	Miscible with water. Soluble in benzene.	
Specific Gravity	1.04 (water=1)		Soluble in benzene.	
Molecular Weight	119.16	Partition Coefficient	LOG P _{ow} : -1.08	
Boiling Point	245°C (473°F)	Vapor Pressure	0.03 Pa (@ 25℃)	
Melting Point	-21°C (-5.8°F)	Vapor Density	4.12 (Air = 1)	
Refractive Index	1.47	Volatility	Not available.	
Critical Temperature	Not available.	Odor	Ammoniacal.	
Viscosity	Not available.	Taste	Not available.	

Section X. Stability and Reactivity Data

Stability

This material is stable if stored under proper conditions. (See Section VII for instructions)

Conditions of Instability

Avoid excessive heat and light.

Incompatibilities

Reactive with oxidizing agents, acids.

Section XI. Toxicological Information

RTECS Number

KL7525000

Routes of Exposure

Eye Contact. Ingestion. Inhalation.

Toxicity Data

Rat LD $_{50}$ (oral) 1945 mg/kg Rabbit LD $_{50}$ (dermal) 5990 μ L/kg Mouse LD $_{50}$ (intraperitoneal) 500 mg/kg

Chronic Toxic Effects

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.
DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Reproductive effects.
Rat TDLo Skin 10 gm/kg, female 6-15 days of pregnancy

TOXIC EFFECTS:

Maternal Effects - Other effects

Repeated or prolonged exposure to this compound is not known to aggravate existing medical conditions.

Acute Toxic Effects

Harmful if ingested or inhaled. Minimize exposure to this material. Severe overexposure can result in injury or death. Irritating to eyes and skin on contact. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, exceptionally, blittering.

occasionally, blistering.

Follow safe industrial hygiene practices and always wear proper protective equipment when handling this compound.

Emergency phone number (800)

M0505

N-Methyldiethanolamine

Page 3

Section XII.

Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Not available

Environmental Fate

N-Methyldiethanolamine's production and use in the absorption of acidic gases, catalyst for polyurethane foams, pH control agent, and surfactant intermediate may result in its release to the environment through various waste streams. If released to air, a vapor pressure of 2.00X10-4 mm Hg at 25 deg C indicates N-methyldiethanolamine will exist solely as a vapor in the atmosphere. Vapor-phase N-methyldiethanolamine will be degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals; the half-life for this reaction in air is estimated to be 4.0 hrs. N-Methyldiethanolamine does not contain chromophores that absorb at wavelengths >290 nm and therefore is not expected to be susceptible to direct photolysis by sunlight. If released to soil, N-methyldiethanolamine is expected to have very high mobility based upon an estimated Koc of 1 for the neutral species. The pKa of N-methyldiethanolamine is 8.52, indicating that this compound will partially exist in the cation form in the environment and cations generally adsorb more strongly to soils containing organic carbon and clay than their neutral counterparts. Volatilization from moist soil surfaces is not expected to be an important fate process based upon an estimated Henry's Law constant for the neutral species of 3.1X10-11 atm-cu m/mole. N-Methyldiethanolamine did not biodegrade after 28 days in activated sludge, but degraded >96% after 40 days in a continuous-flow experiment where the inoculum had time to acclimate. These data indicate that biodegradation of N-methyldiethanolamine in soil and water may only be important under acclimated conditions. If released into water, N-methyldiethanolamine is not expected to adsorb to suspended solids and sediment based upon the estimated Koc. Volatilization from water surfaces is not expected to be an important fate process based upon this compound's estimated Henry's Law constant for the neutral species. An estimated BCF of 3.2 suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low. Hydrolysis is not expected to be an important environmental fate process since this compound lacks functional groups that hydrolyze under environmental conditions. Occupational exposure to N-methyldiethanolamine may occur through dermal contact with this compound at workplaces where N-methyldiethanolamine is produced or used

Section XIII.

Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal

Recycle to process, if possible. Consult your local regional authorities. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

Section XIV. Trai

Transport Information

DOT Classification

Not a DOT controlled material (United States)

PIN Number

Not applicable.

Proper Shipping Name

Not applicable.

Packing Group (PG)

Not applicable.

DOT Pictograms



Section XV.

Other Regulatory Information and Pictograms This compound is ON the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory list.

TSCA Chemical Inventory
(EPA)

WHMIS Classification

(Canada)

On DSL.

EINECS Number (EEC)

203-312-7

EEC Risk Statements

R20/21/22- Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R36/37/38- Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Japanese Regulatory Data

ENCS No. 2-300

Section XVI.

Other Information

Version 1.0

Validated on 10/27/2009.

Printed 10/27/2009.

Notice to Reader

TCI laboratory chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our MSDS sheets are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated MSDS sheets for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment, facial mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state, and local regulations.

Printed 10/27/2009.