

Creation Date 23-Mar-2012 Revision Date 17-Oct-2013 Revision Number 4

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identification

Product Description: Allylamine

Cat No. : 220730000; 220730500; 220732500

Synonyms 3-Amino-1-propene

 CAS-No
 107-11-9

 EC-No.
 203-463-9

 Molecular Formula
 C3 H7 N

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicityCategory 3 (H301)Acute dermal toxicityCategory 1 (H310)Acute Inhalation Toxicity - VaporsCategory 1 (H330)Skin Corrosion/irritationCategory 1 A (H314)Serious Eye Damage/Eye IrritationCategory 1 (H318)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H310 - Fatal in contact with skin

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Precautionary Statements

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

2.3. Other hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Allylamine	107-11-9	EEC No. 203-463-9	>95	Acute Tox. 3 (H301) Acute Tox. 1 (H310) Acute Tox. 1 (H330) Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) EUH071

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Inhalation Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give

artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Move to fresh air. Immediate medical attention is

required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Protection of First-aiders Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Breathing difficulties. Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Hydrocarbons, Amines, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not ingest. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s):

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Allylamine	Haut	TWA: 2 ppm 8 timer			TWA: 2 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZW: 6 ppm 15	TWA: 4.7 mg/m ³ 8 timer			TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	Minuten	Hud			STEL: 4 ppm 15
	MAK-KZW: 14 mg/m ³ 15				minutter. value
	Minuten				calculated
	MAK-TMW: 2 ppm 8				STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15
	Stunden				minutter. value

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

	MAK-TMW: 5 mg/m³ 8 Stunden				calculated
Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Allylamine		kože TWA-GVI: 5 mg/m³ 8 satima.			
Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Allylamine	Nahk TWA: 2 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 tundides. STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 14 mg/m³ 15 minutites.			g,	TWA: 2 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 4 ppm Ceiling: 10 mg/m³
Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Allylamine		TWA: 2 ppm IPRD TWA: 5 mg/m³ IPRD Oda STEL: 6 ppm STEL: 14 mg/m³			TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 c STEL: 0.4 mg/m³ 1 minute
		01 1 5 11	l 91 :		- -
Component Allylamine	Russia Skin notation MAC: 0.5 mg/m³	Slovak Republic	Slovenia TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 urah Koža	Indicative STLV: 14	Turkey

L	Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Siovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Γ	Allylamine	Skin notation		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 urah	Indicative STLV: 6 ppm	
		MAC: 0.5 mg/m ³		Koža	15 minuter	
					Indicative STLV: 14	
					mg/m ³ 15 minuter	
					LLV: 2 ppm 8 timmar.	
					LLV: 5 mg/m ³ 8 timmar.	
L					Hud	

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral		(oyotomo)	(local)	(oyotonno)
Dermal				
Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

8.2. Exposure controls

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

Engineering Measures

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove materia	I Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Neoprene	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Inorganic gases and vapours filter Type B Grey Ammonia and

organic ammonia derivatives filter Type K Green

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow material to contaminate ground water

system.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance No information available

Physical State Liquid

Odor Ammonia-like
Odor Threshold No data available

pH 11.2 5.7 g/l aq.sol

Melting Point/Range -88 °C / -126.4 °F Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 53 - 58 °C / 127.4 - 136.4 °F

Flash Point -28 °C / -18.4 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

Explosion Limits Lower 2.2

Upper 22

Vapor Pressure 257 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 1.97 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.763

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Miscible

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowAllylamine0.15

Autoignition Temperature 370 - °C / 698 - °F

Decomposition Temperature No data available

Viscosity 0.44 cP at 25 °C

Explosive Properties No information available Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties No information available

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula C3 H7 N Molecular Weight 57.09

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excess heat. Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine. Organic materials. Peroxides. Acid anhydrides. Acid chlorides. Metals. copper. Carbon dioxide (CO2). halogenated agents. Butyl rubber.

Powdered metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Hydrocarbons. Amines. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 3

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

Dermal Category 1 Inhalation Category 1

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Allylamine	LD50 = 102 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 35 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 177 ppm (Rat)8 h

Category 1 A (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

No data available Respiratory Skin No data available

No data available (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not mutagenic in AMES Test

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

No data available (g) reproductive toxicity;

(h) STOT-single exposure; No data available

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs None known.

No data available (j) aspiration hazard;

delayed

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation

of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment. .

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Allylamine				EC50 = 16.3 mg/L 15
				min
				EC50 = 19.9 mg/L 5 min

12.2. Persistence and degradability Expected to be biodegradable

Persistence is unlikely, based on information available. **Persistence**

Degradation in sewage Contains substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste treatment plant water treatment plants.

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Allylamine	0.15	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information

Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm

aquatic organisms.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2334 14.2. UN proper shipping name ALLYLAMINE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1
Subsidiary Hazard Class 3
14.4. Packing group I

<u>ADR</u>

14.1. UN numberUN233414.2. UN proper shipping nameALLYLAMINE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)6.1Subsidiary Hazard Class314.4. Packing groupI

IATA

14.1. UN number UN2334

14.2. UN proper shipping name ALLYLAMINE, FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

ACR22073

Page 9/11

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3 14.4. Packing group I

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods

Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the

IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

X = listed **International Inventories**

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Allylamine	203-463-9	-		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	X

National Regulations

	Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Ī	Allylamine	WGK 2	

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H310 - Fatal in contact with skin

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit TWA - Time Weighted Average

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

Allylamine Revision Date 17-Oct-2013

Transport Association

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment
LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%
ROEC - No Observed Effect Concentration
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%
EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
PVPB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date23-Mar-2012Revision Date17-Oct-2013Revision SummaryUpdate to Format.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet