

Creation Date 01-Dec-2009 Revision Date 12-Sep-2017 Revision Number 6

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identification

Product Description: Ethyl formate

Cat No. : 150670000; 150670010; 150670025; 150670251; 150675000

Synonyms Formic acid ethyl ester; Ethyl methanoate

 CAS-No
 109-94-4

 EC-No.
 203-721-0

 Molecular Formula
 C3 H6 O2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 2 (H225)

Health hazards

Acute oral toxicityCategory 4 (H302)Acute Inhalation Toxicity - VaporsCategory 4 (H332)Serious Eye Damage/Eye IrritationCategory 2 (H319)Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)Category 3 (H335)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

2.3. Other hazards

No information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Ethyl formate	109-94-4	EEC No. 203-721-0	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H335)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

ACR15067

Ethyl formate Revision Date 12-Sep-2017

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

Skin ContactWash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation persists,

call a physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None reasonably foreseeable. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Extremely flammable.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Revision Date 12-Sep-2017

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Ethyl formate		STEL: 150 ppm 15 min	TWA / VME: 100 ppm (8	TWA: 100 ppm 8 uren	TWA / VLA-ED: 100
		STEL: 462 mg/m ³ 15	heures).	TWA: 307 mg/m ³ 8 uren	ppm (8 horas)
		min	TWA / VME: 300 mg/m ³	-	TWA / VLA-ED: 308
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr	(8 heures).		mg/m³ (8 horas)
		TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hr			

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Ethyl formate		TWA: 100 ppm (8	TWA: 100 ppm 8 horas		TWA: 100 ppm 8
		Stunden). AGW -			tunteina
		exposure factor 1			TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8
		TWA: 310 mg/m ³ (8			tunteina
		Stunden). AGW -			STEL: 150 ppm 15
		exposure factor 1			minuutteina
		TWA: 100 ppm (8			STEL: 460 mg/m ³ 15
		Stunden). MAK			minuutteina
		TWA: 310 mg/m ³ (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		Höhepunkt: 100 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 310 mg/m ³			
		Haut			

ACR15067

Ethyl formate

Revision Date 12-Sep-2017

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Ethyl formate	Haut	TWA: 100 ppm 8 timer	Haut/Peau	STEL: 500 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 50 ppm 8 timer
	MAK-KZW: 200 ppm 15	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 timer	STEL: 100 ppm 15	minutach	TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 timer
	Minuten		Minuten	TWA: 250 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 75 ppm 15
	MAK-KZW: 600 mg/m ³		STEL: 310 mg/m ³ 15	godzinach	minutter. value
	15 Minuten		Minuten		calculated
	MAK-TMW: 100 ppm 8		TWA: 100 ppm 8		STEL: 187.5 mg/m ³ 15
	Stunden		Stunden		minutter. value
	MAK-TMW: 300 mg/m ³		TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8		calculated
	8 Stunden		Stunden		

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Ethyl formate		TWA-GVI: 100 ppm 8	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hr.		TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8
		satima.	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hr.		hodinách.
		TWA-GVI: 308 mg/m ³ 8	STEL: 150 ppm 15 min		Ceiling: 450 mg/m ³
		satima.	STEL: 450 mg/m ³ 15		
		STEL-KGVI: 150 ppm	min		
		15 minutama.			
		STEL-KGVI: 462 mg/m ³			
		15 minutama.			

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Ethyl formate			STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 450 mg/m³ TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 300 mg/m³		TWA: 100 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 klukkustundum. Ceiling: 200 ppm Ceiling: 600 mg/m³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Ethyl formate					TWA: 66 ppm 8 ore
					TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 ore
					STEL: 99 ppm 15
					minute
					STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15
					minute

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Ethyl formate		Ceiling: 310 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm 8 urah		
		Potential for cutaneous	TWA: 310 mg/m ³ 8 urah		
		absorption	Koža		
		TWA: 100 ppm	STEL: 100 ppm 15		
		TWA: 310 mg/m ³	minutah		
			STEL: 310 mg/m ³ 15		
			minutah		

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Ethyl formate Revision Date 12-Sep-2017

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral		,	,	,
Dermal				
Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to

Personal protective equipment

control hazardous materials at source

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
Viton (R)	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to

EN371

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Ethyl formate Revision Date 12-Sep-2017

Appearance Colorless Physical State Liquid

Odor Petroleum distillates
Odor Threshold No data available

pH 4.1 (@ 20) 5 g/l aq.sol. 20°C **Melting Point/Range** -80 °C / -112 °F

Melting Point/Range -80 °C / -112 °F Softening Point No data available

Boiling Point/Range 54 °C / 129.2 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point -20 °C / -4 °F Method - Closed cup
Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits

Lower 2.7 vol%

Upper 16.5 vol%

Vapor Pressure 256 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density 2.56 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.917

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility 110 g/L (18°C)

Water Solubility 110 g/L (18°C)
Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowEthyl formate0.23

Autoignition Temperature 550 - °C / 1022 - °F

Decomposition Temperature No data available

Viscosity 0.4 cP at 20 °C

Explosive PropertiesNo information available
Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air

Oxidizing Properties No information available

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaC3 H6 O2Molecular Weight74.08

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ethyl formate Revision Date 12-Sep-2017

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4

Dermal Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Inhalation Category 4

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Ethyl formate	LD50 = 1850 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	

(b) skin corrosion/irritation; No data available

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 2

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

Not mutagenic in AMES Test

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

Results / Target organs Respiratory system.

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

Target Organs None known.

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Symptoms / effects, both acute and Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness,

delayed tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity Ecotoxicity effects

 Component
 Freshwater Fish
 Water Flea
 Freshwater Algae
 Microtox

 Ethyl formate
 Onchorhynchus mykiss: LC50=230 mg/L/96h
 EC50 = 120 mg/L/24h
 EC50 = 120 mg/L/24h

Ethyl formate Revision Date 12-Sep-2017

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Ethyl formate	0.23	No data available

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all 12.4. Mobility in soil

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

air

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused

Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives

on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product **Other Information**

was used. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Can be incinerated, when in compliance

with local regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

UN1190 14.1. UN number

14.2. UN proper shipping name ETHYL FORMATE

3 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) II

14.4. Packing group

ADR

UN1190 14.1. UN number

ETHYL FORMATE 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 П 14.4. Packing group

IATA

14.1. UN number UN1190

ETHYL FORMATE 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ACR15067

Ethyl formate Revision Date 12-Sep-2017

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods

Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the

IBC Code

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Ethyl formate	203-721-0	-		X	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ

National Regulations

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Ethyl formate	WGK 1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Ethyl formate	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic

Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

Ethyl formate Revision Date 12-Sep-2017

Transport Association

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% EC50 - Effective Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime

Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate **BCF** - Bioconcentration factor VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Shins

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date 01-Dec-2009 **Revision Date** 12-Sep-2017

SDS sections updated, 2, 3. **Revision Summary**

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet