

# TCI AMERICA SAFETY DATA SHEET

Revision number: 2 Revision date: 10/06/2014

## 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether

Product code: B0472

**Product use:** For laboratory research purposes. **Restrictions on use:** Not for drug or household use.

Company: TCI America

9211 N. Harborgate Street Portland, OR 97203 U.S.A.

Telephone:

+1-800-423-8616 / +1-503-283-1681

Fax:

+1-888-520-1075 / +1-503-283-1987

e-mail:

sales-US@TClchemicals.com www.TClchemicals.com

Emergency telephone number:

Chemical Emergencies:

TCI America (8:00am - 5:00pm) PST

+1-503-286-7624

Transportation Emergencies:

Chemtrec 24-Hour

+1-800-424-9300 (U.S.A.)

+1-703-527-3887 (International)

Responsible department: TCI America

Environmental Health Safety and Security

+1-503-286-7624

# 2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Haz Com: CFR 1910.1200: Acute Toxicity - Oral [Category 3]

Acute Toxicity - Dermal [Category 2] Acute Toxicity - Inhalation [Category 2] Skin Corrosion/Irritation [Category 2] Eye Damage/Irritation [Category 2A]

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) [Category 1] Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) [Category 3]

Flammable Liquids [Category 3]

Signal word: Danger!

Hazard Statement(s): Causes serious eye irritation

Causes skin irritation Fatal in contact with skin

Fatal if inhaled

Flammable liquid and vapor

Toxic if swallowed

Causes damage to: Respiratory System May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Pictogram(s) or Symbol(s):









Precautionary Statement(s): [Prevention]

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Do not breathe fume, mist, vapors or spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye and face protection. Avoid breathing fume, mist, vapors or spray. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames or other hot surfaces. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground or bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting, and equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protection.

Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether TCI AMERICA Page 2 of 6

## 2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

[Response] If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Rinse mouth. If on skin: Wash with plenty of

water. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. If exposed: Call a poison center or doctor. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water

spray or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

[Storage] Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated

place. Keep cool.

[Disposal] Dispose of contents and container in accordance with US EPA guidelines for the classification and

determination of hazardous waste listed in 40 CFR 261.3. (See Section 13)

Hazards not otherwise classified: [HNOC] May form explosive peroxides.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Mixture: Substance

Components: Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether

 Percent:
 >99.0%(GC)

 CAS Number:
 111-44-4

 Molecular Weight:
 143.01

 Chemical Formula:
 C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>B</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O

Synonyms: 2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl Ether, 2-Chloroethyl Ether

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Effects of exposure (inhalation) to substance may be delayed.

Inhalation of vapors or contact with substance will result in contamination and potential harmful effects. Move victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical

personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Skin contact: Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Effects of exposure (skin contact) to substance material (s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Effects of exposure (skin contact) to substance may be delayed. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the

material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Eye contact: IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Contact with

material may irritate or burn eyes. Call emergency medical service. Move victim to fresh air. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Effects of exposure to substance may be delayed. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

**Ingestion:**Toxic if swallowed. Do not induce vomiting with out medical advice. Effects of exposure (ingestion) to

substance may be delayed. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If a person vomits place them in the recovery position so that vomit will not reenter the mouth and throat. Rinse mouth. Keep victim warm and quiet. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to

protect themselves.

Symptoms/effects:

Acute: Dizziness. Redness. Drowsiness.

Delayed: No data available

Immediate medical attention:

WARNING: It might be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth respiration, because the inhaled material is toxic. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Use first aid treatment according to the nature of the injury. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub> or water spray. Consult with local fire authorities before attempting large scale fire

fighting operations.

Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether TCI AMERICA Page 3 of 6

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous combustion products: These products include: Carbon oxides Halogenated compounds Other specific hazards: WARNING: Highly toxic HCl gas is produced during combustion.

#### Special precautions for fire-fighters:

Use water spray or fog; do not use straight streams. Dike fire-control water for later disposal; do not scatter the material. CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient. Do not use straight streams. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

#### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural fire fighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it may not be effective in spill situations. Wear chemical protective clothing which is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use spark-

proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing (Section 8). Warn

unnecessary personnel to move away. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

**Personal protective equipment:**Wear eye protection (splash goggles) and face protection (full length face shield). Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent. Wear protective gloves

niator. De sure to use a MSHA/MOSH approved respirator or e

(nitrile).

Emergency procedures: Isolate area until gas h

Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Do not clean-up or dispose except under supervision of a specialist. In case of a spill and/or a leak, always shut off any sources of ignition, ventilate the area, and excercise caution. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Warn personnel to move away. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if

needed.

# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Stop leak if without risk. Ventilate the area. Absorb with an inert material and put the spilled material in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

#### **Environmental precautions:**

Keep away from living quarters. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Do NOT breath gas, fumes, vapor, or spray. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact

with skin. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking hand tool when handling this product. Ground all equipment containing material. Take measures to prevent build up of electrostatic charge. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Keep container dry. Handle and open container with care. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

When using do not eat, drink, or smoke. Keep away from sources of ignition.

Conditions for safe storage: Store locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of

ignition. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame, or any other ignition source. Keep away from incompatibles. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent

leakage. Avoid prolonged storage periods.

Storage incompatibilities: Store away from oxidizing agents

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits:

 ACGIH TLV (TWA):
 5 ppm (skin)

 ACGIH TLV (STEL):
 10 ppm (skin)

 OSHA PEL (CEIL):
 15 ppm (skin)

# Appropriate engineering controls:

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Ventilation is normally required when handling or using this product. Eyewash fountains should be provided in areas where there is any possibility that workers could be exposed to the substance. Follow safe industrial engineering/laboratory practices when handling any chemical.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Vapor respirator. Be sure to use a MSHA/NIOSH approved respirator or equivalent.

Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Eye protection: Splash goggles.

Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether TCI AMERICA Page 4 of 6

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Skin and body protection: Lab coat.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state (20°C): Liquid Form: Clear

Colorless - Very pale yellow

Odor: Pungent
Odor threshold: 0.049 ppm

Melting point/freezing point:-47°C (-53°F)pH:No data availableBoiling point/range:178°C (352°F)Vapor pressure:0.2kPa/25°C

**Decomposition temperature:** No data available **Vapor density:** 4.9

Relative density: 1.22 Dynamic Viscosity: No data available

Kinematic Viscosity: No data available

Partition coefficient: 1.29 Evaporation rate: No data available

n-octanol/water (log P<sub>ow</sub>) (Butyl Acetate = 1)

Flash point: 55°C (131°F) Autoignition temperature: 369°C (696°F)

Flammability (solid, gas): No data available Flammability or explosive limits:

**Lower:** 2.7%

Upper: No data available

Solubility(ies):

Soluble: Ether, Alcohols, Benzene, Acetone

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not Available.

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. (See Section 7)
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: In use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid excessive heat and light.

Incompatible materials:

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Oxidizing agents

No data available

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

RTECS Number: KN0875000

Acute Toxicity:
ihl-rat LC50:330 mg/m³/4H orl-rat LD50:75 mg/kg

skn-rbt LD50:90 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation:** skn-rbt 500 mg open MLD

Serious eye damage/irritation:

eye-rbt 100 mg SEV

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity:

mmo-sat 1 mg/plate (-S9) mmo-sat 1457 mg/plate (+S9)

Carcinogenicity:

orl-mus TDLo:33 g/kg/79W-C scu-mus TDLo:2400 mg/kg/60W-l

IARC: Group 3 (Not classifiable as NTP: No data available OSHA: No data available

carcinogenic to humans).

#### Reproductive toxicity:

No data available

Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Eye contact, Ingestion, Skin contact.

#### Symptoms related to exposure:

Overexposure may result in serious illness or death. Skin contact may result in inflammation; characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or occasionally blistering. Skin contact may result in redness, pain or dry skin. Eye contact may result in redness or pain. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system.

## **Potential Health Effects:**

Skin and eye contact may result in irritation. Inhalation causes irritation of the lungs and respiratory system.

Target organ(s):

Causes damage to: Respiratory System May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

Fish: 48h LC50:610 ppm (Oryzias latipes)
96h LC50:>100 mg/L (Oryzias latipes)
Crustacea: 48h EC50:410 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Algae: 72h EC50:190 mg/L (Selenastrum capricornutum)

Persistence and degradability: 8.3 % (by BOD), 8.3 % (by TOC), 2.0 % (by GC) Bioaccumulative potential (BCF): 0.4 - 1.3 (conc. 3.0 ppm), <10 (conc. 0.3 ppm)

Mobillity in soil: No data available

Partition coefficient: 1.29
n-octanol/water (log Pow)
Soil adsorption (Koc): 120
Henry's Law: 2.9

constant (PaM3/mol)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal of product: Recycle to process if possible. It is the generator's responsibility to comply with Federal, State and Local

rules and regulations. You may be able to dissolve or mix material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber system. This section is intended to provide assistance but does not replace these laws, nor does compliance in accordance with this section ensure regulatory compliance according to the law. US EPA guidelines for Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261. The product should not be allowed to enter the environment, drains,

water ways, or the soil.

**Disposal of container:** Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Other considerations: Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of the substance.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: Proper Shipping Name: Class or Division: Subrisk(s): Packing Group:

UN1916 2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether 6.1 Toxic material. 3 Flammable liquid II

IATA

UN number: Proper Shipping Name: Class or Division: Subrisk(s): Packing Group:

UN1916 2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether 6.1 Toxic material. 3 Flammable liquid II

IMDG

UN number: Proper Shipping Name: Class or Division: Subrisk(s): Packing Group:

UN1916 2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether 6.1 Toxic material. 3 Flammable liquid II

EmS number: F-E, S-D

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA 8b.):

This product is ON the EPA Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

# **US Federal Regulations**

**CERCLA Hazardous substance and Reportable Quantity:** 

SARA 313: Listed

Bis(2-chloroethyl) Ether TCI AMERICA Page 6 of 6

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302: Listed

#### **State Regulations**

State Right-to-Know

MassachusettsListedNew JerseyNot ListedPennsylvaniaListedCalifornia Proposition 65:Listed

#### Other Information

NFPA Rating: HMIS Classification:

Health:3Health:3Flammability:2Flammability:2Instability:0Physical:0

#### International Inventories

WHMIS hazard class: B2: Flammable Liquid.

D1A: Materials causing immediate and serious toxic effects. (Very Toxic) D1B: Materials causing immediate and serious toxic effects. (Toxic)

D2B: Materials causing other toxic effects. (Toxic)

**EC-No**: 203-870-1

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision date: 10/06/2014 Revision number: 2

TCI chemicals are for research purposes only and are NOT intended for use as drugs, food additives, households, or pesticides. The information herein is believed to be correct, but does not claim to be all inclusive and should be used only as a guide. Neither the above named supplier nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All chemical reagents must be handled with the recognition that their chemical, physiological, toxicological, and hazardous properties have not been fully investigated or determined. All chemical reagents should be handled only by individuals who are familiar with their potential hazards and who have been fully trained in proper safety, laboratory, and chemical handling procedures. Although certain hazards are described herein, we can not guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Our SDS are based only on data available at the time of shipping and are subject to change without notice as new information is obtained. Avoid long storage periods since the product is subject to degradation with age and may become more dangerous or hazardous. It is the responsibility of the user to request updated SDS for products that are stored for extended periods. Disposal of unused product must be undertaken by qualified personnel who are knowledgeable in all applicable regulations and follow all pertinent safety precautions including the use of appropriate protective equipment (e.g. protective goggles, protective clothing, breathing equipment, face mask, fume hood). For proper handling and disposal, always comply with federal, state and local regulations.