

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 22-Oct-2009 Revision Date 19-Jan-2018 Revision Number 4

### 1. Identification

Product Name Oxalic acid, anhydrous

Cat No.: AC186430000; AC186430010; AC186430010LC; AC186430050;

AC186432500

**CAS-No** 144-62-7

Synonyms Ethanedionic acid

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against

Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

Tel: (201) 796-7100

### **Emergency Telephone Number**

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

### Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Corrosive to metals

Acute oral toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Target Organs - Respiratory system.

Category 1

Category 3

Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 2

Target Organs - Kidney, Liver.

#### Label Elements

## Signal Word

Danger

### **Hazard Statements**

May be corrosive to metals Harmful if swallowed Harmful in contact with skin Causes serious eye damage May cause respiratory irritation

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep only in original container

#### Response

Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell

#### Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

#### Skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

#### **Eyes**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

#### Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

# Spills

Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Store in corrosive resistant polypropylene container with a resistant inliner

Store in a dry place

# Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None identified

### 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %		
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	>95		

### 4. First-aid measures

General Advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

**Eye Contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention.

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and

effects

Causes eye burns.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point > 93.4 °C / > 200.1 °F

Method - No information available

**Autoignition Temperature** 

**Explosion Limits** 

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

#### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Corrosive Material. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

### **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards310N/A

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions
Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation.
Environmental Precautions
Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological

information.

**Methods for Containment and Clean** Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

### 7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Do

not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

To maintain product quality. Protect from moisture.

### 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

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#### Oxalic acid, anhydrous

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Oxalic acid	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	(Vacated) TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	(Vacated) STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations

and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal Protective Equipment

**Eye/face Protection** Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

**Skin and body protection** Long sleeved clothing.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StatePowder SolidAppearanceWhiteOdorOdorless

Odor Threshold No information available

**pH** 1.3 9 g/L

Melting Point/Range 189 - 191 °C / 372.2 - 375.8 °F

**Boiling Point/Range**No information available

Flash Point

93.4 °C / > 200.1 °F

Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability (solid,gas)

No information available

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Vapor Pressure < 0.01 mmHg @ 20 °C

Vapor Density Not applicable

Specific Gravity 1.900

Solubility Soluble in water Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available

Autoignition Temperature

**Decomposition Temperature**No information available

ViscosityNot applicableMolecular FormulaC2 H2 O4Molecular Weight90.04

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard No

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**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid dust formation. Incompatible products. Excess heat.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, Metals, Acid chlorides

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute Toxicity**

## **Product Information**

**Component Information** 

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation		
Oxalic acid	375 mg/kg ( Rat )	LD50 = 20000 mg/kg ( Rat )	Not listed		

**Toxicologically Synergistic** 

**Products** 

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Causes eye burns; Irritating to respiratory system and skin

Sensitization No information available

**Carcinogenicity** The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico	
Oxalic acid	144-62-7	Not listed					

Mutagenic Effects No information available

**Reproductive Effects** Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.

**Developmental Effects**Developmental effects have occurred in experimental animals.

**Teratogenicity** Teratogenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.

STOT - single exposure Respiratory system STOT - repeated exposure Kidney Liver

Aspiration hazard No information available

Symptoms / effects,both acute and No information available

delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

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Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Oxalic acid	Not listed	LC50: = 4000 mg/L, 24h	Not listed	EC50 = 136.9 mg/L/48h
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)		

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**Persistence and Degradability**Soluble in water Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

**Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation** No information available.

**Mobility** . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility.

Component	log Pow		
Oxalic acid	-0.81		

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste Disposal Methods** 

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN3261

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Proper technical name (OXALIC ACID)

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group III

**TDG** 

UN-No UN3261

Proper Shipping Name CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group III

**IATA** 

**UN-No** UN3261

Proper Shipping Name Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN3261

Proper Shipping Name Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group |||

### 15. Regulatory information

All of the components in the product are on the following Inventory lists: X = listed

#### **International Inventories**

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Oxalic acid	X	Х	_	205-634-3	-		X	Х	X	Х	X

#### Legend:

X - Listed

- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

#### Oxalic acid, anhydrous

### U.S. Federal Regulations

#### **TSCA 12(b)**

Component	TSCA 12(b)		
Oxalic acid	Section 4		

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories See section 2 for more information

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Not applicable

Not applicable

**OSHA** Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA Not applicable

California Proposition 65 This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

#### U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island	
Oxalic acid	X	Χ	Χ	-	X	

#### **U.S. Department of Transportation**

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

### U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

### Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Slight risk, Grade 1

### 16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

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**Revision Summary** This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

### **End of SDS**