

Creation Date 29-Apr-2010 Revision Date 15-Mar-2017 Revision Number 5

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identification

Product Description: Isobutyl chloroformate
Cat No.: 430810000; 430811000
Synonyms Isobutyl chlorocarbonate

 CAS-No
 543-27-1

 EC-No.
 208-840-1

 Molecular Formula
 C5 H9 Cl O2

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals. Uses advised against No Information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

E-mail address begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Physical hazards**

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

#### **Health hazards**

Acute oral toxicity

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors

Skin Corrosion/irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Category 1 (H302)

Category 3 (H331)

Category 1 B (H314)

Category 1 (H318)

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### 2.2. Label elements



#### Signal Word

#### Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P280 - Wear eye protection/ face protection

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Isobutyl chloroformate	543-27-1	EEC No. 208-840-1	>95	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Flam. Liq. 3 (H226)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Isobutyl chloroformate Revision Date 15-Mar-2017

**Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

**Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the

substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If

not breathing, give artificial respiration.

Protection of First-aiders Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulties. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical. Dry sand. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Water, Foam,

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen chloride gas.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Isobutyl chloroformate Revision Date 15-Mar-2017

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe vapors/dust. Do not ingest. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Handle under an inert atmosphere.

#### **Hygiene Measures**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Flammables area. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep refrigerated. Corrosives area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store under an inert atmosphere.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

#### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s):

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Isobutyl		TWA: 0.2 ppm (8			
chloroformate		Stunden). AGW -			
		exposure factor 2			
		TWA: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8			
		Stunden). AGW -			
		exposure factor 2			
		TWA: 0.2 ppm (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		TWA: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8			
		Stunden). MAK			
		Höhepunkt: 0.4 ppm			
		Höhepunkt: 2.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Isobutyl			STEL: 0.4 ppm 15		
chloroformate			Minuten		
			STEL: 2.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15		
			Minuten		
			TWA: 0.2 ppm 8		

#### Isobutyl chloroformate Revision Date 15-Mar-2017

	Stunden	
	TWA: 1.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8	
	Stunden	

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

#### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral		(1)	( /	(-)
Dermal				
Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glo	ve material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Na	tural rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
В	utyl rubber	recommendations			
Ni	trile rubber				
1	Neoprene				
	PVC				

**Skin and body protection** Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Isobutyl chloroformate Revision Date 15-Mar-2017

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type

E Yellow conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

@ 760 mmHa

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** No information available

Physical State Liquid

**Odor** pungent

Odor Threshold No data available

**pH** No information available

Melting Point/RangeNo data availableSoftening PointNo data availableBoiling Point/Range128.7 °C / 263.7 °F

Flash Point 30 °C / 86 °F Method - No information available

Evaporation Rate No data available

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable Liquid

Explosion Limits No data available

Vapor Pressure 6.5 mmHg @ 20 °C

Vapor Density No data available (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 1.048

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Decomposes

Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Componentlog PowIsobutyl chloroformate1.996

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

No data available
No data available
No data available

**Explosive Properties**No information available explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Oxidizing Properties No information available

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaC5 H9 Cl O2Molecular Weight136.58

Isobutyl chloroformate Revision Date 15-Mar-2017

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY** 

10.1. Reactivity None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Moisture sensitive.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous Polymerization** No information available. None under normal processing. **Hazardous Reactions** 

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and

sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases. Alcohols. Amines. Metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen chloride gas.

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### **Product Information**

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral Category 4 **Dermal** No data available Inhalation Category 3

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Isobutyl chloroformate	LD50 = 1400 mg/kg (Rat)		

Category 1 B (b) skin corrosion/irritation;

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

No data available (e) germ cell mutagenicity;

(f) carcinogenicity; No data available

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

(g) reproductive toxicity; No data available

Revision Date 15-Mar-2017 Isobutyl chloroformate

No data available (h) STOT-single exposure;

(i) STOT-repeated exposure; No data available

None known. **Target Organs** 

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

**Other Adverse Effects** The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

#### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not empty into drains.

**12.2. Persistence and degradability** No information available

**Persistence** 

Persistence is unlikely.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Isobutyl chloroformate	1.996	No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil No information available .

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Other adverse effects

**Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC)** 

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product

Isobutyl chloroformate Revision Date 15-Mar-2017

was used. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

**14.1. UN number** UN3489

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Toxic by inhalation liquid, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 8 14.4. Packing group I

ADR

**14.1. UN number** UN3489

14.2. UN proper shipping name Toxic by inhalation liquid, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)6.1Subsidiary Hazard Class3 814.4. Packing groupI

IATA FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT

**14.1. UN number** UN3489

**14.2. UN proper shipping name** Toxic by inhalation liquid, flammable, corrosive, n.o.s

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 6.1 Subsidiary Hazard Class 3.8

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods

Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the

IBC Code

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Isobutyl chloroformate	208-840-1	-		Х	Х	-	-	Х	Х	Х	-

#### **National Regulations**

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

#### Legend

**CAS** - Chemical Abstracts Service

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

I DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIOC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50% NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

**NOEC** - No Observed Effect Concentration **PBT** - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

**TWA** - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%
POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water
vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

**ADR** - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

**IMO/IMDG** - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

**OECD** - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

**ICAO/IATA** - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

 $\mbox{\bf MARPOL}$  - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

#### Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

**Creation Date** 29-Apr-2010 **Revision Date** 15-Mar-2017

**Revision Summary** SDS sections updated: 14.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

## **End of Safety Data Sheet**