SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 4.9 Revision Date 11/24/2017 Print Date 10/04/2019

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate

Product Number : 339172
Brand : Aldrich
Index-No. : 051-003-00-9

CAS-No. : 72121-43-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich

3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS MO 63103

USA

Telephone : +1 800-325-5832 Fax : +1 800-325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332 Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 2), H401 Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 2), H411

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

(!)

Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

Aldrich - 339172 Page 1 of 8

comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.
P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Strong hydrogen fluoride-releaser

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Formula : HF₆Sb · 6H₂O Molecular weight : 344.85 g/mol CAS-No. : 72121-43-8 EC-No. : 241-023-8 Index-No. : 051-003-00-9

Hazardous components

Component	Classification	Concentration		
Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate				
	Acute Tox. 4; Aquatic Acute 2; Aquatic Chronic 2; H302 +	90 - 100 %		
	H332, H411			

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.

In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

Aldrich - 339172 Page 2 of 8

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

No data available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Do not store in glass

Storage class (TRGS 510): 6.1B: Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat. 1 and 2 / very toxic hazardous materials

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters						
Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis		
			parameters			
Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate	72121-43-8	TWA	0.500000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants		
		TWA	0.500000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)		
	Remarks	Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Skin irritation				

Aldrich - 339172 Page 3 of 8

TWA	0.500000 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits	
TWA	0.5 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants	
TWA	0.5 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
	Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Skin irritation		
TWA	0.5 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits	
PEL	0.5 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)	

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

a) Appearance

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

b) Odour No data available
c) Odour Threshold No data available

c) Odour Threshold No data available
 d) pH No data available
 e) Melting point/freezing No data available

point

Form: solid

f) Initial boiling point and boiling range

Evaporation rate

No data available

g) Flash point Not applicable

No data available

i) Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Aldrich - 339172 Page 4 of 8

Upper/lower No data available flammability or

explosive limits

k) Vapour pressure 35 hPa (26 mmHg) at 62 °C (144 °F) 11 hPa (8 mmHg) at 47 °C (117 °F)

Vapour density No data available m) Relative density No data available n) Water solubility No data available o) Partition coefficient: n-No data available

octanol/water

p) Auto-ignition temperature

No data available

q) Decomposition temperature

No data available

No data available Viscosity r) s) Explosive properties No data available No data available Oxidizing properties

9.2 Other safety information

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Reacts dangerously with glass.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong bases, Alcohols, glass, Keep away from water., Metalsglass

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen fluoride, Antimony oxide Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

No data available

Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Aldrich - 339172 Page 5 of 8

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as

probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: Not available

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

Aldrich - 339172 Page 6 of 8

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 2922 Class: 8 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate)

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG

UN number: 2922 Class: 8 (6.1) Packing group: II EMS-No: F-A, S-B Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate)

IATA

UN number: 2922 Class: 8 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

CAS-No. Revision Date 72121-43-8 2007-07-01

Revision Date

CAS-No.

Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate	72121-43-8	2007-07-01
Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate	CAS-No. 72121-43-8	Revision Date 2007-07-01
Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate	CAS-No. 72121-43-8	Revision Date 2007-07-01
New Jersey Right To Know Components		
Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate	CAS-No. 72121-43-8	Revision Date 2007-07-01
Fluoroantimonic acid hexahydrate	CAS-No. 72121-43-8	Revision Date 2007-07-01

California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aldrich - 339172 Page 7 of 8

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity
H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

HMIS Rating

Health hazard: 2
Chronic Health Hazard:
Flammability: 0
Physical Hazard 0

NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 3
Fire Hazard: 0
Reactivity Hazard: 0

Further information

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Preparation Information

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation Product Safety – Americas Region 1-800-521-8956

Version: 4.9 Revision Date: 11/24/2017 Print Date: 10/04/2019

Aldrich - 339172 Page 8 of 8