Printing date 01.07.2013 Revision: 12.12.2012

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

tert-Butyl hydroperoxide, 70% aqueoussolution Trade name Stock number:

A13926, L02929 75-91-2 200-915-7 CAS Number:

EC number: 200-915-7
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against. Identified use: SU24 Scientific research and development

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Manufacturer/Supplier:

Alfa Aesar GmbH & Co.KG A Johnson Matthey Company Zeppelinstr. 7b Zeppelinsti. 7b 76185 Karlsruhe / Germany Tel: +49 (0) 721 84007 280 Fax: +49 (0) 721 84007 300 Email: tech@alfa.com

Informing department:

1.4 Emergency telephone number:

www.alfa.com
www.alfa.com
product safety Tel + +049 (0) 7275 988687-0
Carechem 24: +44 (o) 1235 239 670 (Multi-language emergency number)
Poison Information Center Mainz
www.giftinfo.uni-mainz.de Telephone: +49(0)6131/19240

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Org. Perox. EF H242 Heating may cause a fire.

(1)

GHS06 skull and crossbones

Acute Tox. 3 H311 Toxic in contact with skin. Acute Tox. 3 H331 Toxic if inhaled.

GHS05 corrosion

Skin Corr. 1C H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

GHS07

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or Directive 1999/45/EC

C; Corrosive

R34: Causes burns.

Xn; Harmful

R20/21/22: Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

O; Oxidising

R7: May cause fire.

Flammable. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Information concerning particular hazards for human and environment:

Other hazards that do not result in classification

Not applicable No information known.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms

The substance is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation. ${\tt GHS02},\,{\tt GHS05},\,{\tt GHS06}$

Signal word Hazard statements

H242 Heating may cause a fire.
H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H331 Toxic if inhaled.

314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P235 Keep cool.

P235 Keep cool.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

P309

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or if you feel unwell:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Store away from flammable substances. P310 P420

.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable. Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

CAS# Designation: Identification number(s):

75-91-2 tert-Butyl hydroperoxide, 70% aqueoussolution

EC number: 200-915-7

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information Instantly remove any clothing soiled by the product.

(Contd. on page 2)

Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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Trade name tert-Butyl hydroperoxide, 70% aqueoussolution

(Contd. of page 1) After inhalation Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms

persist. Seek immediate medical advice.

After skin contact Instantly wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Seek immediate medical advice.
Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult doctor. After eye contact

After swallowing Seek medical treatment.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No further relevant information available. 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing agents

Carbon dioxide

Fire-extinguishing powder Alcohol-resistant foam

5.2 Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture

Promotes fire

If this product is involved in a fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide 5.3 Advice for firefighters Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full protective suit.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective

equipment and emergency procedures Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Ensure adequate ventilation Keep away from ignition sources

Do not allow material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits. Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies. Do not allow to enter the ground/soil. 6.2 Environmental precautions:

6.3 Methods and material for containment

and cleaning up:

Keep away from ignition sources.
Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).
Use neutralizing agent.
Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Prevention of secondary hazards: 6.4 Reference to other sections

Keep away from ignition sources.
See Section 7 for information on safe handling
See section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for information on disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep containers tightly sealed. Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Information about protection against explosions and fires:

Gases can be produced if heated in sealed containers, causing possible rupture or explosion.

Potentially explosive when mixed with organic substances. Protect against electrostatic charges. Fumes can combine with air to form an explosive mixture

.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

Requirements to be met by storerooms and

containers: Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Refrigerate

Water reacts with many metals to give hydrogen, often violently. Water also reacts violently with many reactive organic and inorganic chemicals.

Protect from heat.
Do not store with organic materials.

Store away from metal powders.

Further information about storage

conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed. Store in a locked cabinet or with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants. Refrigerate

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Additional information about design of

technical systems:

Properly operating chemical fume hood designed for hazardous chemicals and having an average face velocity of at least 100 feet per minute.

8.1 Control parameters

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Components with critical values that require monitoring at the workplace:

75-91-2 tert-Butyl hydroperoxide, 70% aqueoussolution (100,0%)

MAK (Germany) vgl.Abschn.Xa

Additional information: No data

8.2 Exposure controls
Personal protective equipment
General protective and hygienic measures

The usual precautionary measures should be adhered to in handling the chemicals. Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and food. Instantly remove any soiled and impregnated garments. Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work. Avoid contact with the eyes and skin. Maintain an ergonomically appropriate working environment. Use breathing protection with high concentrations. Check protective gloves prior to each use for their proper condition. The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Impervious gloves Not determined

Breathing equipment: Protection of hands:

Material of gloves Penetration time of glove material

Eye protection:

Tightly sealed safety glasses. Full face protection

(Contd. on page 3)

Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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Trade name tert-Butyl hydroperoxide, 70% aqueoussolution

(Contd. of page 2) Body protection: Protective work clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties General Information

Appearance: Form: Liauid Colourless Pungent Not determined. Colour: Smell: Odour threshold:

pH-value:

Change in condition Melting point/Melting range: Boiling point/Boiling range: Sublimation temperature / start: ca 96 °C (dec) Not determined

43 °C Flash point: Inflammability (solid, gaseous)
Ignition temperature:
Decomposition temperature:
Self-inflammability: Not applicable. Not determined >80 °C Not determined. Critical values for explosion:

Not determined Lower: Upper: Not determined Not determined 82,46 hPa 0,937 g/cm³ Not determined. Not determined. Steam pressure at 45 °C: Density at 20 °C Relative density Vapour density Not determined.

Evaporation rate
Solubility in / Miscibility with
Water at 20 °C: 130-150 g/l Not determined. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Viscosity: dynamic at 4 °C:

kinematic: 9.2 Other information Not determined.

No further relevant information available

Not determined.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity 10.2 Chemical stability

Thermal decomposition / conditions to be

avoided:

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Bases Heat 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Exothermic thermal decomposition

Do not heat above 80'C.
Water reacts violently with alkali metals.
Reacts with alkaline earth metals

May cause fire. Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Organic materials
Metal powders
Water reacts with many metals to give hydrogen, often violently. Water is also incompatible with many reactive organic and inorganic chemicals.
Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity:

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Causes severe skin burns.
Causes serious eye damage.
No sensitizing effect known.

Harmful if inhaled.
Harmful in contact with skin.
Harmful if swallowed.
Danger by skin resorption.
Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach.

No classification data on carcinogenic properties of this material is available from the EPA, IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH.

LD/LC50 values that are relevant for

classification: Skin irritation or corrosion: Eye irritation or corrosion: Sensitization:

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Carcinogenicity:

Reproductive toxicity:

Specific target organ system toxicity - repeated exposure: Specific target organ system toxicity - single exposure:

Aspiration hazard: Other information (about experimental

toxicology):
Additional toxicological information:

No effects known. No effects known.

No effects known.

No data

No effects known. No effects known.

Mutagenic effects have been observed on tests with laboratory animals. To the best of our knowledge the acute and chronic toxicity of this substance is not fully known.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity
Aquatic toxicity:
12.2 Persistence and degradability
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available. No further relevant information available. No further relevant information available. No further relevant information available.

Ecotoxical éffects: Remark:

Additional ecological information: General notes:

Harmful to aquatic organisms

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system.

Do not allow material to be released to the environment without proper governmental permits. Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.

Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into soil.

May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Avoid transfer into the environment.

(Contd. on page 4)

(Contd. of page 3)

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Trade name tert-Butyl hydroperoxide, 70% aqueoussolution

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PRT-

vPvB: 12.6 Other adverse effects Harmful to aquatic organisms

Not applicable. Not applicable.

No further relevant information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recommendation

Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste. Must be specially treated under adherence to official regulations.

Consult state, local or national regulations for proper disposal.

UN3109

Uncleaned packagings: Recommendation:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

SECTION 14:	Transport information
LINE Means to a m	

ADR, IMDG, IATA

14.2 UN proper shipping name

IMDG, IATA

3109 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (tert-Butyl hydroperoxide solution in water)
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (tert-Butyl hydroperoxide solution in water)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR



Class

ĪMĎĠ, IATA

5.2 (P1) Organic peroxides.



Class Label

Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA

Not applicable Not applicable.

Not applicable.

5.2 Organic peroxides.

14.5 Environmental hazards: 14.6 Special precautions for user Kemler Number

Warning: Organic peroxides.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC

Transport/Additional information:

ADR Excepted quantities (EQ): Limited quantities (LQ) Transport category
Tunnel restriction code

E0 125 ml

UN "Model Regulation":

UN3109, ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (tert-Butyl hydroperoxide solution in water), 5.2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Australian Inventory of Chemical

Substances

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons

National regulations Information about limitation of use:

Substance is not listed.

Water hazard class:
Other regulations, limitations and prohibitive regulations
ELINCS (European List of Notified Chemical

Substances)

Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57 REACH - Pre-registered substances 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

Substance is listed.

Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed. For use only by technically qualified individuals.

Water hazard class 2 (Self-assessment): hazardous for water.

Substance is not listed.

Substance is not listed.

Substance is listed.
A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them, and should make independent judgement of suitability of this information to ensure proper use and protect the health and safety of employees. This information is furnished without warranty, and any use of the product not in conformance with this Material Safety Data Sheet, or in combination with any other product or process, is the responsibility of the user.

Department issuing data specification sheet:
Abbreviations and acronyms:

Health, Safety and Environmental Department.
RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
ICAC: International Civil Aviation Organization
ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

DE/E —