

Creation Date 26-Oct-2010 Revision Date 21-Aug-2015 Revision Number 3

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identification

Product Description: Chlorodiethylisopropylsilane

Cat No. : 435650000; 435650250

CAS-No 107149-56-4 Molecular Formula C7 H17 CI Si

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against No Information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Acros Organics BVBA

Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a

2440 Geel, Belgium

**E-mail address** begel.sdsdesk@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No.**US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3

Substances/mixtures corrosive to metal Category 1

**Health hazards** 

Skin Corrosion/irritationCategory 1 BSerious Eye Damage/Eye IrritationCategory 1Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)Category 3

#### **Environmental hazards**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### 2.2. Label elements

ACR43565



Signal Word Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

EUH029 - Contact with water liberates toxic gas

EUH014 - Reacts violently with water

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Reacts with water and forms Hydrogen chloride gas

### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

### 3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Chlorodiethylisopropylsilane	107149-56-4		>95	Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) STOT SE 3 (H335) EUH014 EUH029 Met. Corr. 1 (H290)

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash

contaminated clothing before re-use. Call a physician immediately.

отположить, поорт оругональс	
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Clean mouth with water. Call a physician immediately.
Inhalation	If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial respiration with a respiratory medical device. Remove from exposure, lie down. Call a physician immediately.
Protection of First-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Breathing difficulties. Causes burns by all exposure routes. . Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

Revision Date 21-Aug-2015

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Chlorodiethylisopropylsilane

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Water.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Reacts violently with water. Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Hydrogen chloride gas, Silicon dioxide, Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Do not expose spill to water. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

ACD42565

Revision Date 21-Aug-2015

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not allow contact with water. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Corrosives area. Keep away from water. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Do not store in metal containers. Store under an inert atmosphere. Keep refrigerated. To maintain product quality.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

### **Monitoring methods**

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	No information available			
Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects	Chronic effects	Chronic effects
		(systemic)	(local)	(systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				
Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available.

ACR43565

#### Chlorodiethylisopropylsilane

(DNFO)

(PNEC)

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection** Goggles (European standard - EN 166)

Hand Protection Protective gloves

ſ	Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
	Nitrile rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	Viton (R)	recommendations			

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators.

To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used

Revision Date 21-Aug-2015

and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits

are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Organic gases and vapours filter Type A Brown conforming to

EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure

limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN

141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

**Hygiene Measures** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Colorless
Physical State Liquid

Odor
Odor Threshold
PH
No information available
No information available
No information available
No data available
No data available

Melting Point/Range

Softening Point

Boiling Point/Range

To C / 167 °F

Flash Point

No data available

75 °C / 167 °F

38 °C / 100.4 °F

Evaporation Rate No data available Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Explosion Limits No data available

**Method** - No information available

data available

Liquid

Chlorodiethylisopropylsilane Revision Date 21-Aug-2015

Vapor Pressure No data available

Vapor Density No data available (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity / Density 0.90

Bulk Density Not applicable Liquid

Water Solubility Reacts violently with water Solubility in other solvents No information available

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Autoignition TemperatureNo data availableDecomposition TemperatureNo data availableViscosityNo data available

**Explosive Properties**No information available explosive air/vapour mixtures possible

Oxidizing Properties No information available

9.2. Other information

Molecular FormulaC7 H17 Cl SiMolecular Weight164.75

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1. Reactivity Yes

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Hazardous Reactions** Reacts violently with water.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Exposure to moist air or water. Exposure to moisture.

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Water. Metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Hydrogen chloride gas. Silicon dioxide.

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information No acute toxicity information is available for this product

(a) acute toxicity;

OralNo data availableDermalNo data availableInhalationNo data available

**(b) skin corrosion/irritation**; Category 1 B

(c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory No data available Skin No data available

Chlorodiethylisopropylsilane

(e) germ cell mutagenicity; No data available

No data available (f) carcinogenicity;

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

No data available (q) reproductive toxicity;

(h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3

No data available (i) STOT-repeated exposure:

Skin, Respiratory system, Eyes, Gastrointestinal tract (GI). **Target Organs** 

(j) aspiration hazard; No data available

Other Adverse Effects The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated.

delayed

Symptoms / effects.both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity effects** Do not empty into drains. Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is

available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence** Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradability Reacts with water.

Degradation in sewage Reacts violently with water.

treatment plant

Bioaccumulation is unlikely 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOC) which will evaporate easily from all 12.4. Mobility in soil

surfaces Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility. Disperses rapidly in

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Other adverse effects

**Endocrine Disruptor Information Persistent Organic Pollutant** 

**Ozone Depletion Potential** 

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused

**Products** 

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers

retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and

ACR43565

Revision Date 21-Aug-2015

#### Chlorodiethylisopropylsilane

Revision Date 21-Aug-2015

empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

**European Waste Catalogue (EWC)** 

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### IMDG/IMO

UN2986 14.1. UN number

CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3 14.4. Packing group II

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2986

14.2. UN proper shipping name CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3 II 14.4. Packing group

IATA

14.1. UN number UN2986

CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es) **Subsidiary Hazard Class** 3 14.4. Packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

No special precautions required 14.6. Special precautions for user

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Not applicable, packaged goods

Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the

IBC Code

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories X = listed The product is classified and labeled according to EC directives or corresponding

national laws The product is classified and labeled in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC

### **National Regulations**

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

ACR43565

Revision Date 21-Aug-2015

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full Text of H-/EUH-Statements Referred to Under Section 3

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation EUH014 - Reacts violently with water

EUH029 - Contact with water liberates toxic gas

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances **KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**DNEL** - Derived No Effect Level RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration PBT - Persistent. Bioaccumulative. Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

**BCF** - Bioconcentration factor

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b)

**ENCS** - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

TWA - Time Weighted Average

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Shins

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

### Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts. Chemical incident response training.

**Creation Date** 26-Oct-2010 **Revision Date** 21-Aug-2015

SDS sections updated, 2, 3, 7, 10. **Revision Summary** 

### This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

#### **Disclaimer**

The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

# **End of Safety Data Sheet**