SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 5.6 Revision Date 01/05/2018 Print Date 10/08/2019

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Lead(II) perchlorate hydrate

Product Number : 459100
Brand : Aldrich
Index-No. : 082-001-00-6

CAS-No. : 207500-00-3

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich

3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS MO 63103

USA

Telephone : +1 800-325-5832 Fax : +1 800-325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Oxidizing solids (Category 2), H272 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332 Carcinogenicity (Category 1B), H350 Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A), H360

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2), H373

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H400
Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s) P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat. P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials. P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish. Collect spillage. P391 Store locked up. P405

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

P501

Formula : Cl₂O₈Pb · xH₂O Molecular weight : 406.10 g/mol CAS-No. : 207500-00-3 EC-No. : 237-125-7 Index-No. : 082-001-00-6

Hazardous components

Component	Classification	Concentration					
Lead diperchlorate hydrate							
	Ox. Sol. 2; Acute Tox. 4; Carc. 1B; Repr. 1A; STOT RE 2; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H272, H302 + H332, H350, H360, H373, H410	90 - 100 %					

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

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In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

If swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel. Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wetbrushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into consideration before additional processing occurs.

Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

hygroscopic

Storage class (TRGS 510): 5.1A: Strongly oxidizing hazardous materials

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Components with w				I = .	
Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis	
			parameters		
Lead diperchlorate	207500-00-	TWA	0.050000	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	
hydrate	3		mg/m3	(TLV)	
	Remarks	Central Nervous System impairment			
		Hematologic			
			ervous System im		
		Substances t	for which there is a	Biological Exposure Index or Indices	
		(see BEI® section)			
		Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans			
		varies			
		TWA	0.050000	USA. NIOSH Recommended	
			mg/m3	Exposure Limits	
		See Appendix C			
		PEL	0.050000	OSHA Specifically Regulated	
			mg/m3	Chemicals/Carcinogens	
		1910.1025	1119/1110	- Charmeala, Carelling Grie	
			ee is exposed to le	ad for more than 8 hours in any work	
		If an employee is exposed to lead for more than 8 hours in any work day, the permissible exposure limit, as a time weighted average			
				luced according to the following	
		formula: Maximum permissible limit (in µg/m3)=400÷hours worked			
		in the day			
		This section applies to all occupational exposure to lead, except as			
		provided in paragraph (a)(2). It does not apply to the construction			
		industry or to agricultural operations covered by 29 CFR part 1928.			
			fically regulated ca		
		PEL	0.050000	OSHA Specifically Regulated	
		FEL	mg/m3	Chemicals/Carcinogens	
		1910.1025	Hig/Hi3	Chemicals/Carcinogens	
			no is expected to le	and for more than 9 hours in any work	
		If an employee is exposed to lead for more than 8 hours in any work			
		day, the permissible exposure limit, as a time weighted average			
		(TWA) for that day, shall be reduced according to the following formula: Maximum permissible limit (in µg/m3)=400÷hours worked			
		in the day	annum pennissible	iiiiit (iii µg/iii3)=400 · iiodis worked	
			applies to all assur	national exposure to load, except as	
		This section applies to all occupational exposure to lead, except as			
		provided in paragraph (a)(2). It does not apply to the construction industry or to agricultural operations covered by 29 CFR part 1928.			
			fically regulated ca		
		TWA		USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	
		IVVA	0.05 mg/ms		
		Control Nom	oue System imm = !:	(TLV)	
			ous System impair	ment	
		Hematologic		agirmont	
			ervous System imp		
		Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices			
		(see BEI® se		with unknown valous as to burners	
		Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans			
		varies	0.05	00114 0	
		PEL	0.05 mg/m3	OSHA Specifically Regulated	
		4040 4005		Chemicals/Carcinogens	
		1910.1025		- d f- n n n- db n O l	
		If an employee is exposed to lead for more than 8 hours in any work day, the permissible exposure limit, as a time weighted average			
		(TWA) for that day, shall be reduced according to the following			
		formula: Maximum permissible limit (in µg/m3)=400+hours worked			
		in the day			

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This section applies to all occupational exposure to lead, except as provided in paragraph (a)(2). It does not apply to the construction industry or to agricultural operations covered by 29 CFR part 1928. OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen			
TWA	0.05 mg/m3	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits	
See Appendix C			
PEL	0.05 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)	
see Section 5198			

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body Protection

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

explosive limits

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: solid a) Appearance b) Odour No data available Odour Threshold No data available No data available d) pH Melting point/freezing No data available e) point Initial boiling point and No data available boiling range Not applicable Flash point h) Evaporation rate No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available Upper/lower No data available flammability or

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k) Vapour pressure No data available Vapour density No data available

m) Relative density 2.6 g/mL at 25 °C (77 °F)

n) Water solubility No data available o) Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

No data available

p) Auto-ignition temperature

No data available

Decomposition temperature

No data available

No data available Viscosity r) s) Explosive properties No data available

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is classified as oxidizing with the category 2.

9.2 Other safety information

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions 10.3

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Exposure to moisture may affect product quality.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong reducing agents, Organic materials, Powdered metals

10.6 **Hazardous decomposition products**

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Hydrogen chloride gas, Lead oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

No data available

Inhalation: No data available Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

IARC: 2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead diperchlorate hydrate)

Aldrich - 459100 Page 6 of 9 NTP: RAHC - Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogenThe reference note has been

added by TD based on the background information of the NTP. (Lead diperchlorate hydrate)

OSHA: OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen (Lead diperchlorate hydrate)

Reproductive toxicity

Damage to fetus possible

Known human reproductive toxicant

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: Not available

Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous, and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death., To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

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Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 1470 Class: 5.1 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Lead perchlorate, solid Reportable Quantity (RQ): Marine pollutant:yes

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

IMDG

UN number: 1470 Class: 5.1 (6.1) Packing group: II EMS-No: F-H, S-Q

Proper shipping name: LEAD PERCHLORATE, SOLID
Marine pollutant: yes

Marine pollutant: yes

IATA

UN number: 1470 Class: 5.1 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Lead perchlorate, solid

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Reactivity Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Lead diperchlorate hydrate CAS-No. Revision Date 207500-00-3 1993-04-24

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

CAS-No. Revision Date Lead diperchlorate hydrate 207500-00-3 1993-04-24

CAS-No. Revision Date 207500-00-3 1993-04-24

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Lead diperchlorate hydrate CAS-No. Revision Date 207500-00-3 1993-04-24

California Prop. 65 Components

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

CAS-No. Revision Date 2007-09-28

Lead diperchlorate hydrate

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic Chronic aquatic toxicity

Carc. Carcinogenicity

H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

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H332 Harmful if inhaled. H350 May cause cancer.

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

HMIS Rating

Health hazard: 2
Chronic Health Hazard: *
Flammability: 0
Physical Hazard 2

NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 2
Fire Hazard: 0
Reactivity Hazard: 2
Special hazard.I: OX

Further information

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Preparation Information

Sigma-Aldrich Corporation Product Safety – Americas Region 1-800-521-8956

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